

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Fluxclene

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

Product identifier

Product name Fluxclene

Product No. FLU-a, EFLU200D, EFLU400DB, ZE

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application Cleaning agent.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

ELECTROLUBE. A division of HK WENTWORTH LTD

H K WENTWORTH PTY LIMITED

P.O. BOX 7336 WARRINGAH MALL BROOKVALE, NSW 2100

AUSTRALIA

SYNERGY ELECTRONICS LTD 39 RICHARD PEARSE DRIVE

AIRPORT OAKS AUCKLAND 3045

AUSTRALIA TEL: +61 (0) 2 9938 1566, FAX: +61 (0) 2 9938 1467 NEW ZEALAND TEL: +64 (0) 9 836 6588, FAX +64 (0) 9 836 9169

sales@hkwentworth.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +61 2 8014 4558 (Australia)

+64 9 929 1483 (New Zealand)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 -

H304

Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Label elements

Pictogram











Fluxclene

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Cyclohexane, Propan-2-ol, 1-Methoxy-2-propanol, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,

cyclics, Orange Terpenes

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Mixtures

Fluxclene

Cyclohexane 30-60%

CAS number: 110-82-7

M factor (Acute) = 1 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Propan-2-ol 10-30%

CAS number: 67-63-0

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

STOT SE 3 - H336

1-Methoxy-2-propanol 10-30%

CAS number: 107-98-2

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

STOT SE 3 - H336

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

5-10%

CAS number: —

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

STOT SE 3 - H336

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Orange Terpenes 1-5%

CAS number: 8028-48-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Fluxclene

Carbon Dioxide 1-5%

CAS number: 124-38-9

Classification

Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention

if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic

effect.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Due to the physical

nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Fluxclene

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and

propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropri

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution

occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Fluxclene

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class

Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Cyclohexane

Fluxclene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 100 ppm 350 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 300 ppm 1050 mg/m³

Propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 400 ppm 983 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 500 ppm 1230 mg/m³

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 100 ppm 369 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 150 ppm 553 mg/m³

Carbon Dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 12500 ppm 22500 mg/m³ in coal mines Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 30000 ppm 54000 mg/m³ in coal mines

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 5000 ppm 9000 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 30000 ppm 54000 mg/m³

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Fluxclene

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS

1716.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colourless.

Odour Fruity.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate 16 (diethyl ether = 1)

Evaporation factor Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Flammability Limit - Lower(%) Not available.

Other flammability Not available.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Bulk density 0.78 kg/l

Solubility Value (g/100g H2O

20°C)

Immiscible with water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

Fluxclene

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable

as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Fluxclene

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the

result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic

effect.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Due to the physical

nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Central nervous system

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Propan-2-ol

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 5840 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Primary dermal irritation index: 0 REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 mL, 1 second, Rabbit Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Fluxclene

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 5000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 5000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

3,739.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD50) LD50 3739 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,739.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOEL 3000 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat F1 REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Fluxclene

Reproductive toxicity -

Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 1500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. REACH dossier

information.

Target organs Central nervous system Brain

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 919 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Orange Terpenes

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 4400 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Cyclohexane

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₈₀, 4 days: 4.5 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 2 days: 0.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 3 days: 9.317 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

Propan-2-ol

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10000 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅o, 24 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 7 days: 1800 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda

Fluxclene

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

LC₅₀, 96 hours: 20800 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) Acute toxicity - fish

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC₅₀, 48 hours: 21100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 7 days: >1000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

plants

REACH dossier information.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Propan-2-ol

Persistence and

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

degradability

Water - Degradation 53%: 5 days

Biological oxygen demand 1.19-1.72 g O₂/g substance

Chemical oxygen demand 2.23 g O₂/g substance

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Persistence and

degradability

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀: 3.1 hours

REACH dossier information.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 96%: 28 days

REACH dossier information.

Carbon Dioxide

Persistence and

degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Cyclohexane

Partition coefficient log Kow: 3.44

Propan-2-ol

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Bioaccumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Fluxclene

Partition coefficient log Pow: <1 REACH dossier information.

Orange Terpenes

Bioaccumulative Potential Potentially bioaccumulating.

Carbon Dioxide

Bioaccumulative Potential Not determined.

Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Propan-2-ol

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Mobilety Mobile.

Surface tension 70.7 mN/m @ 20°C

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Orange Terpenes

Other adverse effects Dangerous for the environment.

Carbon Dioxide

Other adverse effects May damage the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDo not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of

the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers,

labelled with their contents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Fluxclene

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal

documentation using the data shown in this section.

UN number

UN No. (ADG) 1950 UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS (CONTAINS Cyclohexane, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics)

(IMDG)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

ADG class 2.1

ADG classification code 5F

ADG label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

Transport labels



Packing group

ADG packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-D, S-U

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Fluxclene

Inventories

Australia - AICS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

Classification abbreviations Aerosol = Aerosol

and acronyms

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Issued by Toni Ashford
Revision date 17/01/2017

Revision 0

SDS No. 804

Hazard statements in full H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.